Mobility practices of non-motorized households, the cases of Quebec City and Strasbourg

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swiss mobility conference

LAUSANNE 20 - 21 OCTOBER 2016

Presentation plan

Presentation of the research Scientific concepts Car Dependence Social Exclusion Public Policy Methodology Discourse Analysis Results Conclusions

Presentation of the research

- As part of my ongoing PhD thesis
- Research question:
- Objectives
 - Comparison between North America and Europe
 - Highlight the place of nonmotorized households (NMH) in policy
 - Explore the daily mobility of NMH
 - Interviews
 - Origin-Destination surveys
 - Create a car-dependence indicator

Car Dependence

of the car

Using a Car • Increase in number of trips • Increase in number of km travelled • Increase in number of cars

Owning and

Urban Sprawl

Introduction

Low density land use
Single use residential zoning
Shopping malls and large commercial surfaces

Driving / Congestion

 Increase in the number of cars greater than road system's intake capacity

Road Construction

Highways
Increase in road capacity

Graphic adapted from Vivre en ville (2012) - our translation

Social Exclusion

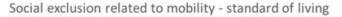
Unequal participation of individuals in society

Gagnon & Saillant (2009, p. 2)

"an intolerable situation or an unfair condition, the sidelining of individuals and private groups of their rights, security, access to certain goods and full participation in society; [recalling] the existence of borders and divisions in a society that claims to abolish them [...]"

Link between social exclusion and mobility:

- Transport system can help strengthen social exclusion through exorbitant costs in time or money for vulnerable groups
- Lack of access





Public Polic

Dye (1995, p. 2): "whatever government choose to do or not to do"

► For example

A public transit system

Not putting sidewalks on new suburban developments

100.00

Methodology

Mixed method approach

Qualitative

Interview with NMH and with local officials

Policy document analysis

Quantitative

- Discourse analysis IRaMuTeQ
- Origin Destination Surveys

Discourse analysis

- Verbatim transcript of interviews
- Software >> IRaMuTeQ
- ALCESTE (co-occurring lexemes analysis in simple statements of a text) developed by Reinert (1983; 1990, 2000)
 - Linking text analysis to variables:
 - Gender, area, feeling excluded, revenue, age, household type, has a driver license, membership in a car sharing network, etc...
 - Many analysis tools
 - Specificity, factorial correspondence, word co-occurrence networks, word cloud

Initial findings – area and activity you can no longer partake

Quebec City

Strasbourg





- Y.

Initial findings – area and activity you can no longer partake

Quebec City

Strasbourg



Initial findings – area and activity 11 you can no longer partake

Men

Women

hicking cinema **grocery** outdoor village train

Initial findings – area and activity you can no longer partake

Men

Women

live

12

go out hour

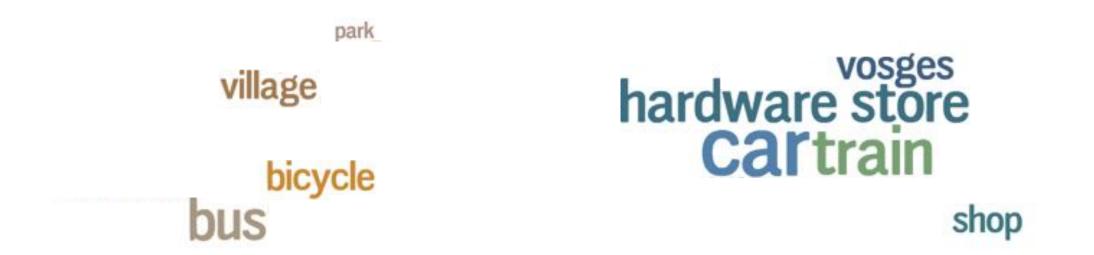
other



Initial findings – area and activity ¹³ you can no longer partake

Not member of car sharing system

Member of car sharing system



Initial findings – area and activity 14 you can no longer partake

Not member of car sharing system

Member of car sharing system



Initial findings – area and activity 15 you can no longer partake

Feels excluded

Doesn't feel excluded



A Distance is a second seco

Initial findings – area and activity ¹⁶ you can no longer partake

Feels excluded

Doesn't feel excluded









Quebec City

18

Strasbourg

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date nod partic

night Car

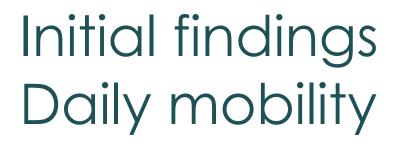
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concern-paris

germany

an grand







Men

20

Women

weekend street rain illkirch arrive Snow grocery confortable genrally quality children quantify grocery confortable genrally quality children quantify month fun readCarhospital big university distance paris location enjoyable 15 minutesair pharmacy finally family family year finally family wear finally family family year montreal year bicket is depend neighbourhood late place avenue stop stroller Season



Feels excluded

21

Doesn't feel excluded

constraint family constraint family constraint family complicated fami

Feels excluded

Doesn't feel excluded







Moderate lifestyle

Intermediate lifestyle

Affluent lifestyle



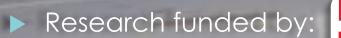
Conclusions

NMH discourse varies significantly based on many variables
Place or activity you have to give-up:

- Quebec City: Cinema, hardware store, parks
- Strasbourg: Mountain, villages, ski resorts, weekend getaways
- Daily mobility:
 - Quebec City: Take bus, talk about winter, neighbourhoods
 - Strasbourg: Take the tram, the train, bicycle, go to Kehl, Germany
 - Men: Car sharing, university, snow, children, bicycle, car
 - Women: Car pooling, Kehl, mother, train, expensive, ski
- Next steps: Policy documents, local officials

Questions Comments

Thank you to the Swiss Mobility Conference organising committee





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Laboratoire de

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